



A guide to...

Having a Flexible Sigmoidoscopy

Patient Information

How to contact us

Booking and interpreting queries – Please call the number on your appointment letter

Clinical queries – Hemel Hempstead 01442 287968 / Watford 01923 436095

Any other query – Please call Hemel Hempstead 01442 287681 / Watford 01923 217530

This leaflet in another language, large print, Braille or audio version,
please call **01923 217 198** or email **westherts.pals@nhs.net**



Author	Dr Alistair King
Department	Endoscopy department
Ratified / Review Date	November 2023 / November 2026
ID Number	25-2191-V14



What is a Flexible Sigmoidoscopy?

A flexible sigmoidoscopy is a procedure used to examine the lining of the rectum and the lower part of the colon (large bowel). A thin, flexible tube (sigmoidoscope) with a light and tiny camera is gently passed into the anus and advanced around the lower bowel to inspect the lining for any abnormalities. The procedure typically takes around 15 minutes to complete.

During the procedure, small tissue samples (biopsies) may be taken and sent for laboratory analysis. Small abnormalities, such as polyps (abnormal growths of tissue), can also be removed using specialised instruments passed through the sigmoidoscope.

Depending on the clinical findings, additional techniques or procedures may be performed. These can include marking an abnormal area with a tattoo or clip, spraying a dye (chromoendoscopy) to enhance visualisation of the bowel lining, or treating areas of bleeding with injection, banding, or heat (diathermy). Images of the bowel lining and any abnormalities observed are typically captured and stored in your medical record.

The risks and benefits of the procedure are detailed in this leaflet for your reference.

Benefits of the Procedure

A flexible sigmoidoscopy is a valuable tool for diagnosing potential causes of your symptoms by allowing us to examine lower part of your bowel for abnormalities. Based on the findings, we can provide tailored advice, which may include recommending further tests, specific procedural treatments, or prescribing medications to manage your condition effectively.

In some cases, the procedure is performed to review findings from a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. This helps us adjust your treatment plan or follow-up period as necessary to ensure you receive optimal care.

Medications Advice

- **Medications:** Please bring a list of all the medications you are currently taking, including the reasons you take them.
- **Iron tablets:** Stop taking these five days before your procedure.
- **If you are taking blood-thinning medications** such as Rivaroxaban, Edoxaban, Dabigatran, or Apixaban, do not take these on the morning of your procedure. All other blood-thinning medications should be taken as usual.
- **Parkinson's, Blood Pressure, and Other Medications:** Continue taking Parkinson's and blood pressure medications as usual.

On Arrival

When you arrive, the nurse will explain the procedure and answer any questions you may have. You will be asked to sign a digital consent form, which outlines the same risks detailed below for your consideration prior to arrival. You will also need to change into a gown, and dignity shorts will be provided. In some cases, a cannula may be inserted into your arm to administer medications.

If you were sent an enema to use at home but were unable to use it, please ring the endoscopy unit, the nurses will advise you when to arrive, in order that they can administer it for you.

To note, not everyone will receive an enema to use at home.

Keeping You Comfortable

We offer two options to help keep you comfortable during the procedure:

1. Entonox (Gas and Air)

This analgesic gas is an effective pain relief option for many patients undergoing a flexible sigmoidoscopy. If you choose Entonox, you will need to rest briefly after the procedure, after which it is safe for you to drive.

2. Intravenous Conscious Sedation

This involves administering a sedative through a small IV line in your arm or hand. It helps you to feel relaxed and may have a light sleep, but you will remain conscious and be able to respond to people talking to you. After receiving sedation, you will need to rest in the unit for a short time. **It is vital to arrange for a responsible person to escort you home and stay with you for 24 hours after the procedure.** Without these arrangements, the investigation may need to be cancelled. Please note that conscious sedation is not the same as a general anaesthetic.

In the Procedure Room

The nurse will ask you a few safety questions before the procedure begins. You will be asked to lie on your left side. The Endoscopist will first check your back passage with a gloved finger before gently inserting the endoscope.

It is normal to experience some abdominal cramping during the procedure, which will be intermittent. You may also feel the urge to go to the toilet, but as your bowel is already empty, there is little risk of this happening.

During the examination, you may be asked to adjust your position, such as lying on your back, to assist with the procedure.

Risks of the Procedure

Flexible Sigmoidoscopy is generally a safe procedure, but like any medical test, it carries some risks:

- **Common (more than 1 in 20)**
 - Pain or discomfort during or after the procedure
 - Inability to complete the procedure
 - Rectal bleeding (in the days following the procedure)
- **Less Common (fewer than 1 in 20)**
 - Complications from sedation
 - Missed pathology (flexible sigmoidoscopy is not 100% accurate)
 - Need for further treatment (following the procedure)
- **Rare (fewer than 1 in 100)**
 - Perforation of the large bowel (1 in 2,000)
 - Significant bleeding (1 in 2,400)
 - Complications from bowel preparation- dehydration and electrolyte imbalance. (In the days following the procedure)

If you have concerns about these risks, please speak with your doctor or a member of the team before your procedure.

Travel Advice

If you need endoscopic therapy (eg a large polypectomy), we may recommend that you avoid travelling for 14 days after your procedure. Please call us if you would like to discuss.

Afterwards

After the procedure, you will be encouraged to rest for a short while before going home. The length of your recovery time will depend on what was completed during the procedure:

- If you had **Entonox**, your recovery period will be at least 15 minutes.
- If you had **sedation**, you will need to rest for at least 30–45 minutes.
- If a **polyp** was removed, you may need to stay in the unit for up to two hours.

You will be offered a drink and a small snack before leaving.

When Will I Get the Results?

You will receive a copy of the report before leaving the department. The doctor or nurse will explain the findings at the end of the procedure. If tissue samples have been sent to the laboratory, the Endoscopist will review the results, and you will be contacted if there is anything of concern.